Consolidated Financial Statements with Supplemental Schedules Years Ended March 31, 2019 and 2018



The Greater Washington Community Foundation and Affiliate Consolidated Financial Statements with Supplemental Schedules Years Ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

Independent Auditor's Report	1-2
Consolidated Financial Statements	
Consolidated Statements of Financial Position	3
Consolidated Statements of Activities and Change in Net Assets	4
Consolidated Statements of Functional Expenses	5-6
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	7
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	8-26
Independent Auditor's Report on Supplementary Information	27
Consolidating Statements of Financial Position	28-29
Consolidating Statements of Activities and Change in Net Assets	30-31



Tel: 703-893-0600 Fax: 703-893-2766 www.bdo.com

8401 Greensboro Drive Suite 800 McLean, VA 22102

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees The Greater Washington Community Foundation Washington, D.C.

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of The Greater Washington Community Foundation and Affiliate (collectively, The Community Foundation), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as of March 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related consolidated statements of activities and change in net assets, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

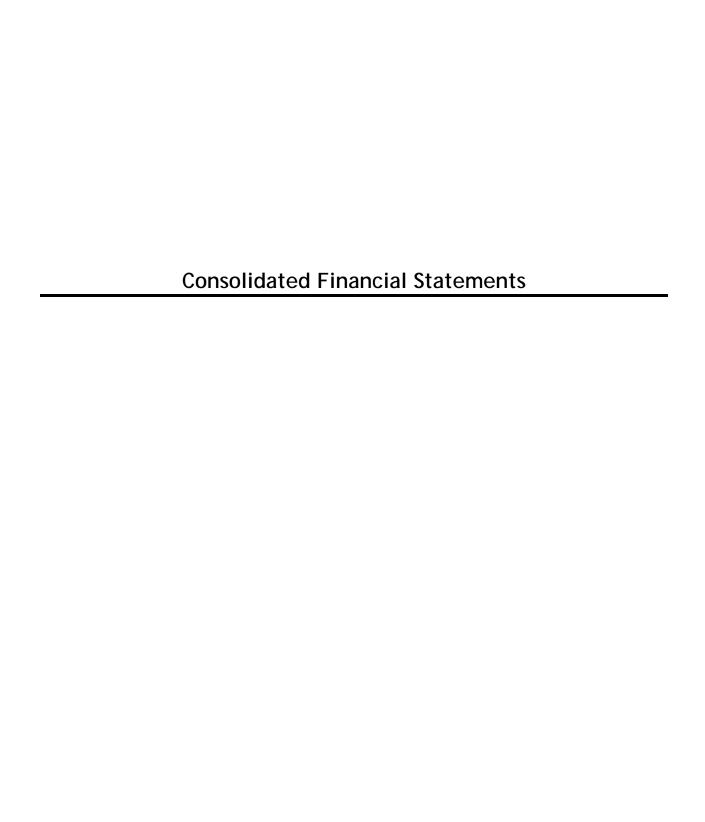


Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Greater Washington Community Foundation and Affiliate as of March 31, 2019 and 2018, and the change in their net assets and their cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

BDO USA, LLP

McLean, Virginia December 13, 2019



The Greater Washington Community Foundation and Affiliate Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

March 31,	2019	2018
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Investments held for others	\$ 26,064,983 308,317,573 2,927,841	\$ 28,829,000 311,533,585 1,625,383
Notes receivable, net of present value discount of \$16,014 and \$38,061, respectively Charitable remainder trust receivable, net Accrued interest income and other receivables Prepaid expenses and other assets	941,446 323,444 1,352,587 1,282,350	1,370,349 262,239 691,228
Total assets	\$341,210,224	1,367,821 \$345,679,605
Liabilities and Net Assets	, , ,	, , ,
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Grants and appropriations payable, net of present value	\$ 2,001,285	\$ 2,336,963
discount of \$27,314 and \$37,511, respectively Funds held in trust for others	3,023,538 2,927,841	7,796,963 1,625,383
Total liabilities	7,952,664	11,759,309
Commitments and contingencies		
Net assets		
Without donor restrictions Operating funds Supporting organization funds Donor-advised and other funds	9,343,478 3,024,963 316,522,355	8,592,715 2,133,718 319,192,804
Total without donor restrictions	328,890,796	329,919,237
With donor restrictions	4,366,764	4,001,059
Total net assets	333,257,560	333,920,296
Total liabilities and net assets	\$341,210,224	\$345,679,605

The Greater Washington Community Foundation and Affiliate Consolidated Statements of Activities and Change in Net Assets

Years Ended March 31,	2019	2018
Changes in net assets without donor restrictions		
Support and revenue		
Contributions Investment return, net Rental and other income	\$ 61,199,656 10,995,561 316,943	\$ 76,195,894 29,727,171 756,377
Total support and revenue without donor restrictions	72,512,160	106,679,442
Expenses		
Program grants and appropriations	67,985,861	88,962,852
Supporting services Management and general Fundraising	3,383,328 2,171,412	4,858,488 2,735,160
Total supporting services	5,554,740	7,593,648
Total expenses	73,540,601	96,556,500
(Decrease) increase in net assets without donor restrictions	(1,028,441)	10,122,942
Changes in net assets with donor restrictions		
Change in value of charitable remainder trusts receivable Change in value of real estate investment	61,205 304,500	56,168 341,560
Increase in net assets with donor restrictions	365,705	397,728
Change in net assets	(662,736)	10,520,670
Net assets at the beginning of the year	333,920,296	323,399,626
Net assets at the end of the year	\$ 333,257,560	\$ 333,920,296

Consolidated Statement of Functional Expenses

	2019						
Year Ended March 31,	Program grants and appropriations	Management and general	Fundraising	Total			
Program grants and appropriations	\$ 66,806,268	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 66,806,268			
Salaries and other benefits	853,956	2,281,044	992,526	4,127,526			
Consulting and professional fees	77,755	440,156	90,372	608,283			
Office supplies and operations	20,592	55,003	23,933	99,528			
Telephone	5,887	15,726	6,843	28,456			
Postage and delivery	2,303	6,151	2,676	11,130			
Occupancy	88,104	235,339	102,401	425,844			
Equipment and maintenance	14,471	38,654	16,819	69,944			
Printing and publications	3,135	8,374	3,644	15,153			
Insurance	16,020	42,791	18,619	77,430			
Travel and meetings	6,873	18,358	7,988	33,219			
Development	-	-	47,802	47,802			
Technology	47,335	126,439	55,016	228,790			
Lodging and catering	-	-	752,607	752,607			
Other	43,162	115,293	50,166	208,621			
Total expenses	\$ 67,985,861	\$ 3,383,328	\$ 2,171,412	\$ 73,540,601			

Consolidated Statement of Functional Expenses

	2018						
Year Ended March 31, Program grants and appropriations	Program grants and appropriations	Management and general	Fundraising	Total			
	\$ 86,970,886	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 86,970,886			
Salaries and other benefits	1,398,171	1,716,115	856,229	3,970,515			
Consulting and professional fees	156,441	2,605,565	95,803	2,857,809			
Office supplies and operations	36,324	44,583	22,244	103,151			
Telephone	6,066	7,445	3,715	17,226			
Postage and delivery	3,634	4,461	2,226	10,321			
Occupancy	156,643	192,264	95,927	444,834			
Equipment and maintenance	23,106	28,360	14,150	65,616			
Printing and publications	6,408	7,865	3,924	18,197			
Insurance	20,572	25,250	12,598	58,420			
Travel and meetings	10,040	12,323	6,148	28,511			
Development	-	-	14,560	14,560			
Technology	90,205	110,718	55,241	256,164			
Lodging and catering	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	1,500,736	1,500,736			
Other	84,356	103,539	51,659	239,554			
Total expenses	\$ 88,962,852	\$ 4,858,488	\$ 2,735,160	\$ 96,556,500			

The Greater Washington Community Foundation and Affiliate Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Years Ended March 31,	2019	2018
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Change in net assets	\$ (662,736)	\$ 10,520,670
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash		
used in operating activities:	(2 227 02/)	(22,000,751)
Realized and unrealized gains on investments	(3,237,036)	(22,999,751)
Change in value of charitable remainder trusts receivable Change in discount of notes receivable	(61,205) (22,047)	(56,168) (126)
Change in discount of motes receivable Change in discount of grants and appropriations payable	10,197	12,254
Donated investments received	(21,802,608)	(29,710,191)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	(21,002,000)	(27,710,171)
Accrued interest income and other receivables	(661,359)	925,943
Prepaid expenses and other assets	85,471	(1,046,266)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(335,678)	(602,542)
Grants and appropriations payable	(4,783,622)	(283,023)
Funds held in trust for others	1,302,458	(752,780)
Total adjustments	(29,505,429)	(54,512,650)
Net cash used in operating activities	(30,168,165)	(43,991,980)
Not out a sou in operating activities	(00,100,100)	(10,771,700)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of investments	(126,299,909)	(105,242,571)
Proceeds from sales of investments	153,253,107	152,749,617
Issuance of notes receivable	-	(1,100,000)
Payments received under notes receivable	450,950	75,950
	,	,
Net cash provided by investing activities	27,404,148	46,482,996
(Decrease) Increase in cash and cash equivalents	(2,764,017)	2,491,016
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	28,829,000	26,337,984
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	\$ 26,064,983	\$ 28,829,000

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Greater Washington Community Foundation (formerly known as The Community Foundation for the National Capital Region) was organized in December 1973 as The Community Foundation of Greater Washington pursuant to the District of Columbia Nonprofit Corporation Act, and commenced operations in January 1974. On July 13, 2017, the Foundation changed its name from "The Community Foundation for the National Capital Region" to "The Greater Washington Community Foundation." A certificate of amendment was filed with the government of the District of Columbia on that date. The Greater Washington Community Foundation has a single program to strengthen the Washington metropolitan region by encouraging and promoting effective giving and by taking leadership on critical issues in its service area.

The Greater Washington Community Foundation is recognized as a not-for-profit, tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the IRC). The Internal Revenue Service (the IRS) has classified The Greater Washington Community Foundation as a publicly-supported organization.

The Greater Washington Community Foundation is comprised of a collection of component funds established by donors to The Greater Washington Community Foundation or internally designated by The Greater Washington Community Foundation. The Greater Washington Community Foundation's service area is the greater Metropolitan Washington, D.C. geographical region. To provide specific services to sub-parts of its service area, The Greater Washington Community Foundation maintains offices to localize its exempt activities in Montgomery and Prince Georges counties, Maryland.

The Kristin and David Steinberg Foundation (the Steinberg Foundation), District of Columbia nonprofit corporation, is a supporting organization in which The Greater Washington Community Foundation has significant control over the functions of the organization. The organization benefits The Greater Washington Community Foundation through support of its mission. The Steinberg Foundation has been recognized by the IRS as not-for-profit, tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the IRC.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of The Greater Washington Community Foundation and the Steinberg Foundation (collectively referred to as The Community Foundation). All material inter-organization balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The significant accounting policies followed by The Community Foundation are described below.

Basis of accounting

The consolidated financial statements of The Community Foundation have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP).

Use of estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements. Such estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting year. Actual results may differ from estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Revenue recognition

The Community Foundation records gifts of cash and marketable securities as contribution revenue when the gift is pledged or received (if not pledged). Certain gifts of real estate, non-marketable securities or other business ownership interests are subject to an approval process prior to the acceptance of the asset.

Amounts received that are designated for a future period, or are restricted by the donor for specific purposes are reported as support with donor restrictions which increases that net asset class. Unconditional promises to give, which do not state a due date, are presumed to be time-restricted by the donor until received and are reported as net assets with donor restrictions. When the restriction is met, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and are reported in the consolidated statements of activities and change in net assets as net assets released from restrictions.

Contributions are recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts. The Community Foundation uses the allowance method to determine uncollectible unconditional pledges receivable. The allowance is based on experience as well as management's analysis of specific pledges made, including such factors as prior collection history, type of contribution, and nature of fundraising activity. Contributions, including multi-year pledges and split interest agreements, to be received after one year are recorded at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Subsequent changes in this discount resulting from the passage of time are accounted for as contributions in subsequent years. Revenue under charitable gift annuity arrangements is reduced by the estimated annuities to be paid by The Community Foundation over the beneficiary's lifetime. Other income is recognized when earned.

Cash equivalents

The Community Foundation considers short-term investments with initial maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents, excluding cash equivalents held temporarily for long-term investment purposes by investment custodians. Temporary cash positions in the investment portfolio are considered investments and are not included in cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position.

Investments

The Community Foundation records investments at fair value. Interest and dividend income is accounted for on the accrual basis. Gains and losses on investments, including changes in market value, are reported in the consolidated statements of activities and change in net assets as increases or decreases in net assets without donor restrictions unless their use is restricted by donor stipulation.

As of March 31, 2019 and 2018, a portion of The Community Foundation's investments are comprised of shares held in investment funds without readily determinable fair values. These investment funds may invest in foreign and domestic equity and debt instruments, derivative instruments such as hedges and foreign currency contracts, and also certain leveraged

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

arrangements. Any significant changes in the fair value of these investment funds could significantly affect the overall value of The Community Foundation's investment portfolio and its net assets.

Notes receivable

Notes receivable are stated at the amount of unpaid principal, adjusted for a present value discount and an allowance for loan losses, when deemed appropriate. The Community Foundation records an allowance when management determines that collectability is not probable. Management's estimate is based on review of the loans comprising the notes receivable balance and considers known and inherent risks, the estimated fair value of the underlying collateral, and current economic conditions.

Charitable remainder trust receivable

Receivables from split-interest agreements are recorded at fair value, which is the estimated net present value of The Community Foundation's remainder interests in various trusts held by third-party trustees. The net present value of these receivables is determined using investment returns consistent with the composition of the asset portfolios of the trusts, single or joint life expectancy from published tables, and discount rates commensurate with the risks involved. The estimation of the net present value of these receivables is subjective and requires significant judgment. Due to uncertainties inherent in the estimation process, it is possible that future events in either the near- or long-term could materially affect the amounts reported in the consolidated statements of financial position.

Grants and appropriations payable

Grants and appropriations payable are recognized when the Board of Trustees approves specific grants. When grant commitments are to be paid over several years, The Community Foundation records such liabilities at their estimated present values.

Net assets

The Community Foundation classifies net assets into two categories: without donor restrictions and with donor restrictions. All contributions and grants are considered to be available for general use unless specifically restricted by the donor.

Net assets without donor restrictions consist of the following types of internally-designated funds:

Operating funds - Funds used for the general operation of The Greater Washington Community Foundation.

Supporting organization funds - General net assets of the Steinberg Foundation. Donor-advised and other funds - Funds established by donor contributions that enable donors to make recommendations from time to time about the distributions from the funds. The donors' advice in the grant-making process is considered by the Board of Trustees in making grants from these resources. Other funds include field of interest funds used to support particular interests to the donor, designated funds intended to benefit designated charitable organizations, and scholarship funds intended to assist students in obtaining an education.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Net assets with donor restrictions include contributions or grants with temporary, donor-imposed time and/or program restrictions. Net assets with donor restrictions are reported in the consolidated statements of activities and change in net assets as net assets released from restrictions when the time restrictions expire or the funds are used for their restricted purpose. Net assets with donor restrictions are subject to The Community Foundation component fund requirements, including a variance power provision, but are considered with donor restrictions until funds are available for use. Net assets with donor restrictions consist of funds that are unavailable for use in the current period due to donor-imposed time restrictions that would otherwise be classified as donor-advised funds or other funds without donor restrictions

The Community Foundation's consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the current authoritative guidance issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the FASB). These standards provide that if the governing body of an organization has the ability to remove a donor restriction, the contributions should be classified as without donor restrictions.

Functional allocation of expenses

The costs of providing The Community Foundation's programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the accompanying consolidated statements of activities. The consolidated statements of functional expenses present the natural classification of expenses by function. Accordingly, certain costs should be allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited. Salaries and related benefits are allocated based upon executive level time keeping methods or job descriptions. The percentages derived from payroll costs is used to allocate overhead costs to the activities benefited. Overhead costs are those expenses that cannot be tied directly to an activity including some expenses in the natural expense categories of consulting and professional fees, office supplies and operations, telephone, postage and delivery, occupancy, equipment and maintenance, printing and publications, insurance, travel and meetings, technology and other.

Income taxes

The Greater Washington Community Foundation and the Steinberg Foundation are exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the IRC and from District of Columbia franchise tax under applicable tax regulations, except for income from activities not related to their tax-exempt purpose, which primarily includes unrelated business income from certain investments that are subject to federal and state income taxes. No provision for income taxes was recorded during the years ended March 31, 2019 or 2018 since The Community Foundation had no significant unrelated business income. The Community Foundation has no temporary timing differences that would give rise to deferred tax assets or liabilities; therefore, The Community Foundation has no deferred taxes at March 31, 2019 or 2018. The Greater Washington Community Foundation and the Steinberg Foundation are not private foundations pursuant to section 509(a)(1) of the IRC.

In accordance with authoritative guidance on accounting for uncertainty in income taxes issued by the FASB, The Community Foundation recognizes tax liabilities for uncertain tax positions when it is more likely than not that a tax position will not be sustained upon examination and settlement with various taxing authorities. Liabilities for uncertain tax positions are measured based upon the largest amount of benefit that is greater than 50% likely of being realized upon settlement. The guidance on accounting for uncertainty in income taxes also addresses de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties on income taxes, and accounting in interim periods. With few exceptions, The Community Foundation is no longer subject to income tax examinations by

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

the U.S. federal, state or local tax authorities for years ended March 31, 2016 and prior. Management has evaluated the tax positions of The Greater Washington Community Foundation and the Steinberg Foundation and has concluded that no material uncertain tax positions have been taken that require adjustment to the consolidated financial statements to comply with the provisions of this guidance.

Concentrations of credit risk

The Community Foundation's assets that are exposed to credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, investments, contributions receivable, notes receivable, and charitable remainder trusts receivable. Cash and cash equivalents are maintained at financial institutions and, at times, balances may exceed federally insured limits. The Community Foundation has never experienced any losses related to these balances. Amounts on deposit in excess of federally insured limits at March 31, 2019 approximate \$26 million. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. The Community Foundation's charitable remainder trusts receivable are due from donor trusts that hold investments that are subject to the same types of investment risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investments securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the investment and charitable remainder trusts receivable balances and the amounts reported in the consolidated statements of financial position. The Community Foundation's pledges, contributions, and notes receivable balances consist primarily of amounts due from individuals and corporations. Historically, The Community Foundation has not experienced significant losses related to the notes and pledges receivable balances and, therefore, believes that the credit risk related to them is minimal.

Recent accounting pronouncements adopted

In August 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-14, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958) - Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities. The ASU amends the current reporting model for nonprofit organizations and enhances their required disclosures. The major changes include: (a) requiring the presentation of only two classes of net assets now entitled "net assets without donor restrictions" and "net assets with donor restrictions", (b) modifying the presentation of underwater endowment funds and related disclosures, (c) requiring the use of the placed in service approach to recognize the expirations of restrictions on gifts used to acquire or construct long-lived assets absent explicit donor stipulations otherwise, (d) requiring that all nonprofits present an analysis of expenses by function and nature in either the statement of activities, a separate statement, or in the notes and disclose a summary of the allocation methods used to allocate costs, (e) requiring the disclosure of quantitative and qualitative information regarding liquidity and availability of resources, (f) presenting investment return net of external and direct internal investment expenses, and (g) modifying other financial statement reporting requirements and disclosures intended to increase the usefulness of nonprofit financial statements except for the additional disclosures and changes to the financial statement presentation. The Community Foundation has adopted this ASU and has adjusted the presentation of these consolidated financial statements accordingly. The ASU has been applied retrospectively to all periods presented except The Community Foundation has opted to present the liquidity and availability information for 2019 only as permitted under the ASU in the year of adoption. There was no effect on the change in net assets reported for the year ended March 31, 2018.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Recent accounting pronouncements not yet adopted

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)*. This update supersedes previously issued guidance on revenue recognition and will apply to virtually all industries. The core principle of this new guidance is built on the contract between a vendor and a customer for the provision of goods and services. It attempts to depict the exchange of rights and obligations between the parties in the pattern of revenue recognition based on the consideration to which the vendor is entitled. To accomplish this objective, the standard requires five basic steps: (i) identify the contract with the customer, (ii) identify the performance obligations in the contract, (iii) determine the transaction price, (iv) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and (v) recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies the performance obligation. The guidance is effective for The Community Foundation beginning April 1, 2019. Management continues to evaluate the potential impact of this ASU on The Community Foundation's consolidated financial statements.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, Financial Instruments - Overall (Subtopic 825-10). This ASU requires an entity to: (i) measure equity investments at fair value through net income, with certain exceptions; (ii) present in other comprehensive income (OCI) the changes in instrument-specific credit risk for financial liabilities measured using the fair value option: (iii) present financial assets and financial liabilities by measurement category and form of financial asset; (iv) calculate the fair value of financial instruments for disclosure purposes based on an exit price and; (v) assess a valuation allowance on deferred tax assets related to unrealized losses of available for sale (AFS) debt securities in combination with other deferred tax assets. The Update provides an election to subsequently measure certain nonmarketable equity investments at cost less any impairment and adjusted for certain observable price changes. The ASU also requires a qualitative impairment assessment of such equity investments and amends certain fair value disclosure requirements. The new standard will be effective for the Community Foundation on April 1, 2019. Early adoption is only permitted for the provision related to instrument-specific credit risk and the fair value disclosure exemption provided to nonpublic entities. Management is evaluating the effect that adoption of this new standard will have on The Community Foundation's consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). This ASU requires a lessee to record, for all leases with a lease term of more than 12 months, an asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term and a liability to make lease payments. For leases with a lease term of 12 months or less, a practical expedient is available whereby a lessee may elect, by class of underlying asset, not to recognize a right-of-use asset or lease liability. A lessee making this accounting policy election would recognize lease expense over the term of the lease, generally in a straight-line pattern. This guidance is effective for the Community Foundation on April 1, 2021. Early adoption is permitted. In transition, a lessee and a lessor will recognize and measure leases at the beginning of the earliest period presented using a modified retrospective approach. The modified retrospective approach includes a number of optional practical expedients. These practical expedients relate to identifying and classifying leases that commenced before the effective date, initial direct costs for leases that commenced before the effective date, and the ability to use hindsight in evaluating lessee options to extend or terminate a lease or to purchase the underlying asset. ASU 2018-11 was issued in June 2018 that also permits entities to choose to initially apply ASU 2016-02 at the adoption date and recognize a cumulativeeffect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings in the period of adoption. Management is evaluating the effect that adoption of this new standard will have on The Community Foundation's consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-08, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958), Clarifying the Scope and the Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made. This ASU was issued to standardize how grants and other contracts received and made are classified across the sector, as either an exchange transaction or a contribution. The standard provides guidance to assist in the determination of whether a transaction is a contribution or an exchange transaction. If the transaction is deemed to be a contribution the guidance provides factors to consider with regard to whether the contribution is conditional or unconditional. For contributions received, if determined to be an unconditional contribution, the determination will then need to be made as to whether the contribution is restricted. The ASU will assist in the determination of the nature of the transaction which will then govern the revenue and expense recognition methodology and timing of the transaction. The ASU is effective for transactions in which the Community Foundation serves as the resource recipient on April 1, 2019 and is effective for transactions in which the Community Foundation serves as a resource provider on April 1, 2020. Management is evaluating the effect that adoption of this new standard will have on The Community Foundation's consolidated financial statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-13, Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Disclosure Framework—Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement. The update modifies certain disclosure requirements in Topic 820, Fair Value Measurement. The ASU is effective for The Community Foundation's financial statements on April 1, 2020. Management is evaluating the effect that adoption of this new standard will have on The Community Foundation's consolidated financial statements.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the 2018 consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the 2019 presentation, with no effect on the change in net assets.

2. Notes Receivable

As of March 31, 2019 and 2018, notes receivable consists of one note with an initial face value of \$1,500,000, which is non-interest bearing and matures in August 2022, one note with an initial face value of \$20,000, which is non-interest bearing and matures in December 2019 and one note with an initial face value of \$1,100,000, which is non-interest bearing and matures in June 2020. These notes are recorded at the present value of the estimated future cash flows, with imputed interest rates ranging from 1.45% to 6.03%.

3. Charitable Remainder Trust Receivable

During fiscal year 2015, The Community Foundation received a \$777,874 pledge to be received from the assets of a charitable remainder unitrust, payable on the termination date of the unitrust, or twenty years from the date that the underlying assets were transferred to the trust. The underlying agreement requires payments of 6% of the net fair market value of the trust assets to be paid quarterly to the income and/or successor beneficiary of the trust during the period of the trust. The Community Foundation does not have control over the underlying assets and is not a trustee. The amount receivable from this trust is revalued at its estimated fair value annually using investment returns consistent with the composition of the asset portfolios of the trusts, single or joint life expectancy from published tables, and discount rates. The present value discount rates used were 2.63% and 2.85% for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018,

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

respectively. The recorded estimated fair value of the pledge totaled \$323,444 and \$262,239 at March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The estimated fair value of the charitable remainder trusts receivable is considered to be with donor restrictions until the funds are received.

4. Grants and Appropriations Payable

The Community Foundation makes grants to fund organizations that promote charitable, educational, civic and cultural needs primarily of the greater Washington metropolitan area. Scheduled future minimum payments for these grants as of March 31, 2019 are as follows:

Years Ending March 31,	
2020	\$ 2,150,352
2021	653,500
2022	197,000
2023	46,000
2024	1,000
Thereafter	3,000
Less: net present value of interest on grants payable	(27,314)
	\$ 3,023,538

The discount rates used to calculate the present value of grants and appropriations payable range from 1.21% to 2.74% and from 1.15% to 2.74% as of March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

5. Funds Held in Trust for Others

The Community Foundation has been appointed to serve as trustee for several charitable trusts. Funds held in this capacity are included as both assets and liabilities in the consolidated statements of financial position.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

6. Donor-Advised and Other Funds

Donor-advised and other funds consist of the following as of March 31:

	2019	2018
Donor-advised funds	\$ 256,524,844	\$ 261,349,207
Field of interest funds and other funds	40,303,140	40,214,143
Designated funds	14,587,810	12,549,840
Scholarship funds	5,079,247	5,042,103
	21/ 405 041	210 155 202
Diversity of the section of the sect	316,495,041	319,155,293
Plus: unallocated net present value of interest on grants	07.044	07.544
payable (see Note 4)	27,314	37,511
	\$ 316,522,355	\$ 319,192,804

7. Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions consist of the following at March 31:

	2019	2018
Time restrictions: Real estate investment Charitable remainder trust receivable	\$ 4,043,320 323,444	\$ 3,738,820 262,239
	\$ 4,366,764	\$ 4,001,059

8. Retirement Plan

The Greater Washington Community Foundation maintains a defined contribution retirement plan (the Plan) for eligible employees. The Greater Washington Community Foundation contributes up to a fixed percentage of each eligible employee's compensation to the Plan. Employees are eligible to participate immediately, while employer contributions vest ratably over three years of employment. The Greater Washington Community Foundation recorded contributions to the Plan of \$204,281 and \$158,572 for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

9. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability between market participants in an orderly transaction on the measurement date. The market in which the reporting entity would sell the asset or transfer the liability with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset or liability is known as the principal market. When no principal market exists, the most advantageous market is used. This is the market in which the reporting entity would sell the asset or transfer the liability with the price that maximizes the amount that would be received or minimizes the amount that would be paid. Fair value is based on assumptions market participants would make in pricing the asset or liability. Generally, fair value is based on observable quoted market prices or derived from observable market data when

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

such market prices or data are available. When such prices or inputs are not available, the reporting entity should use valuation models.

The Community Foundation reports certain investments using the net asset value per share as determined by investment managers under the so called "practical expedient". The practical expedient allows net asset value per share to represent fair value for reporting purposes when the criteria for using this method are met.

Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value and maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring the use of observable inputs when available. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable input (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under FASB ASC 820 are described as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that The Community Foundation has the ability to access.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include
 - o Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
 - o Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
 - o Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
 - o Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.
 - o If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.
- Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The valuation methodologies The Community Foundation uses to measure its assets at fair value are described below:

Investments

In general, and where applicable, The Community Foundation uses quoted prices in active markets for identical assets to determine fair value. This pricing methodology applies to Level 1 investments. If quoted prices in active markets for identical assets are not available to determine fair value, then The Community Foundation uses quoted prices for similar assets or inputs other than the quoted prices that are observable either directly or indirectly. These investments are included in Level 2. The Community Foundation's Level 3 assets primarily include certain investments in real estate interests and private equity. Real estate investments and investments in privately-held entities are reported at the fair value of the investment as determined by the most recent appraisal or prices used in current transactions. The Community Foundation values its interest in other business entities and hedge funds using significant unobservable inputs including information from fund managers or general partners based on quoted market prices, if available, or other valuation methods. Management reviews and evaluates the values provided by the fund

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

managers and general partners and agrees with the valuation methods and assumptions used in determining the fair value of the alternative investments. Unobservable inputs used in these models are significant to the fair value of the investments.

Fair value on a recurring basis

The following tables set forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, The Community Foundation's assets recorded at fair value:

	As of March 31, 2019					
-	Assets		-			
	Measured					
	At Fair	Fair V	alue Hierarchy	Level		
Description	Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Mustural formula						
Mutual funds	ф 77 01/ 7 0	7 6 77 21/ 707	¢	ф		
Large cap funds	\$ 77,316,797			\$ -		
Corporate bonds	27,692,713		27,692,713	=		
Other	21,647,235		-	=		
International funds	17,463,447		=	=		
Mid cap funds	16,884,005			-		
Intermediate bonds	6,190,514		6,190,514	-		
Small cap funds	3,378,481		-	-		
Government bonds	827,383		827,383	-		
REIT/real estate funds	642,243	3 433,034	209,209	=		
Total mutual funds	172,042,818	3 137,122,999	34,919,819	_		
Total Mataar Panas	17270127010	3 107/122/777	01/717/017			
Common stocks						
International stocks	37,707,702		-	-		
Consumer	13,585,890		-	-		
Finance	5,971,190		-	-		
Health	6,060,916	6,060,916	-	-		
Technology	4,033,317	7 4,033,317	=	=		
Services and other stocks	2,637,675	5 2,637,675	=	=		
Industrial	2,577,477	7 2,577,477	-	-		
Material	1,631,955	5 1,631,955	-	-		
Information technology	1,349,192	1,349,192	-	-		
Energy	1,059,149		-	-		
Utilities	1,017,667		=	=		
Small cap stocks	49,681		-	-		
Mid cap stocks	30,090		-	-		
·						
Total common stocks	77,711,901	1 77,711,901	-	-		
11.0	20 524 70	4 20 524 704				
U.S. government securities	29,524,784		-	-		
Real estate	10,547,195		-	10,547,195		
Cash and money market accounts	8,032,486		-	-		
Private equity	4,318,468		-	4,318,468		
Commodities	33,890	33,890	-	-		
Total investments at fair value	302,211,542	2 252,426,060	34,919,819	14,865,663		
Total investments at fair value	302,211,342	232,420,000	J4,717,017	17,000,000		

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

	As of March 31, 2019					
	Assets					
	Measured					
	At Fair	Fair Val	ue Hierarchy L	evel		
Description	Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Investments measured at net						
asset value*:						
Multi-strategy and other funds	7,414,399	-	-	-		
Buyout and growth equity						
funds	149,509	-	-	-		
Guaranteed insurance						
contract	1,469,964	-	-			
Total investments measured at						
net asset value*	9,033,872	-	-	-		
			•	_		

* Certain investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position

\$ 311,245,414 \$ 252,426,060 \$ 34,919,819 \$ 14,865,663

Total fair value investments

	As of March 31, 2018							
		Assets						
		Measured						
		At Fair			alue	Hierarchy I	Lev	
Description		Value		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3
Mutual funds								
Large cap funds	\$	76,433,026	\$	76,433,026	\$	_	\$	_
Corporate bonds	Ψ	30,708,703	Ψ	-		30,708,703	Ψ	_
International funds		30,525,228		30,525,228	·	-		_
Other		21,293,882		21,293,882		_		_
Mid cap funds		17,731,357		17,731,357		_		_
Small cap funds		7,973,757		7,973,757		_		_
Intermediate bonds		4,904,667		-		4,904,667		_
REIT/real estate funds		653,279		373,342		279,937		-
Mortgage backed securities		120,674		-		120,674		_
Government bonds		80,303		-		80,303		_
Government mutual funds		6,699		6,699		-		
Total mutual funds		190,431,575		154,337,291	3	36,094,284		-
Common stocks								
International stocks		20,412,206		20,412,206		-		=
Consumer		15,322,438		15,322,438		-		-
Health		5,461,279		5,461,279		-		-
Finance		5,159,932		5,159,932		-		-
Technology		3,379,472		3,379,472		-		-
Industrial		2,956,459		2,956,459		-		-
Services and other stocks		1,519,439		1,519,439		-		-
Energy		1,294,992		1,294,992		-		-

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

_		As of March		
	Assets			
	Measured	Foir V	alua III anamahu I	aval
Description	At Fair		alue Hierarchy L	
Description	Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Information technology	920,365	920,365	_	_
Material	781,594	781,594	_	_
Utilities	544,764	544,764	_	_
Large cap stocks	448,653	448,653	=	_
Mid cap stocks	139,446	139,446	-	_
Small cap stocks	91,101	91,101	_	_
oman cap stooks	71,101	71,101		
Total common stocks	58,432,140	58,432,140		
Cook and many manks to account	22 540 702	22 540 702		
Cash and money market accounts	23,540,793	23,540,793	-	-
U.S. government securities	16,848,501	16,848,501	-	11 244 440
Real estate	11,246,448	-	-	11,246,448
Private equity Commodities	2,744,582 45,284	4E 204	-	2,744,582
Commodities	43,264	45,284	-	
Total investments at fair value	303,289,323	253,204,009	36,094,284	13,991,030
Investments measured at net				
asset value*:				
Multi-strategy and other funds	6,950,810			
Buyout and growth equity	0,730,010	_	-	_
funds	1,461,857	_	_	_
Guaranteed insurance	1,401,037			
contract	1,456,978	_	=	=
	1,100,770			
Total investments measured at				
net asset value*	9,869,645	-	-	-
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Total fair value investments	\$ 313,158,968	\$ 253,204,009	\$ 36,094,284	\$ 13,991,030

^{*} Certain investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position.

Changes in fair value levels

To assess the appropriate classification of investments within the fair value hierarchy, the availability of market data is monitored. Changes in economic conditions or valuation techniques may require the transfer of investments from one fair value level to another. The Community Foundation's management evaluates the significance of transfers between levels based upon the nature of the investment. For the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, there were no significant transfers in or out of Level 3.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Level 3 gains and losses

The following table sets forth a summary of changes in the fair value of The Community Foundation's Level 3 assets for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018:

	Level 3 Assets				
		Real	Private		
		Estate	Equity		
Balance at March 31, 2017	\$ 9	9,744,578 \$	1,736,822		
Total realized and unrealized gains		1,501,870	1,066,510		
Purchases		-	595,000		
Sales/redemptions		-	(653,750)		
Balance at March 31, 2018	1	1,246,448	2,744,582		
Total realized and unrealized gains		772,869	1,342,686		
Purchases		-	690,000		
Sales/redemptions	(1,472,122)	(458,800)		
Balance at March 31, 2019	\$ 10	0,547,195 \$	4,318,468		

The following table presents the amount of total gains (losses) for the corresponding year included in the change in net assets attributable to unrealized gains or losses relating to assets held at March 31:

	2019	2018
Private equity Real estate	\$ 1,250,925 \$ (199,253)	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The major categories of The Community Foundation's investments that are valued at net asset value or its equivalent or are measured at Level 3 that have unfunded commitments and/or redemption gates are listed as follows at March 31, 2019:

Description	Fair Value	Jnfunded mmitments	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
Buyout and growth equity			Annually, Capital	
funds (a)	\$ 149,509	\$ 40,610	Distributions	60
Multi-strategy and other			Quarterly, Not	
funds (b)	7,414,399	1,072,500	Permitted	45
			Quarterly,	
			Periodically, Not	
Private equity (c)	4,318,468	-	Permitted	60
Real estate (d)	10,547,195	=	Periodically	N/A
Guaranteed insurance			_	
contract (e)	1,469,964	-	Death of beneficiary	N/A
Total	\$ 23,899,535	\$ 1,113,110		

- (a) This category is comprised of investments in private equity funds and private equity funds of funds in the U.S. and outside of the U.S. whose mandates include leveraged buyouts and growth equity investments in companies. Certain funds in this category do not permit redemptions. Another fund only allows redemptions at calendar year end. Approximately 67 percent of the value of these investments is available for redemption at March 31, 2019. Two funds in this category are redeemable as capital distributions as determined by the fund manager.
- (b) This category is comprised of investments in hedge funds that are not exclusively global macro or hedged equity and other funds. Strategies include relative value, event driven, and arbitrage. Underlying investments are typically the same markets as the types invested in both the public equity and fixed income commingled categories as well as derivatives. The funds include short positions as well as long positions and use leverage. Some funds may invest in private investments which are typically segregated into side pockets (a separate share class) and are not available for redemption until the investment is liquidated by the fund manager. Approximately 79 percent of the value of the investments is available for redemption at March 31, 2019. One fund in this category has a 25 percent redemption gate. Additionally, two funds do not permit withdrawals.
- (c) This category is comprised of investments in shares of privately held corporations. Redemption of these investments is subject to the Corporation's notification to its stockholders and approval by the board of the Corporation.
- (d) This category is comprised of investments in limited liability companies that invest in real estate properties. Redemption of these investments is subject to the terms of the partnership agreements.
- (e) The Community Foundation is the owner and beneficiary of a single life insurance contract with a contract value of \$1,000,000.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Quantitative information as of March 31, 2019 with respect to assets measured and carried at fair value on a recurring basis with the use of significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) follows:

Description	Fair Value	Principal Valuation Technique	Unobservable Inputs	Weighted Average
Private equity	\$ 4,318,468	Market comparables	Discount for lack of marketability	5.00%
		Discounted cash flow	Weighted-average cost of capital	17.00%
Real estate	\$ 10,547,195	Market comparables	Discount for lack of marketability	N/A
		Income capitalization	Forecasted gross earnings	N/A
			Market oriented capitalization rate of 6%	N/A

Valuation process for Level 3 instruments

In estimating fair value of the investments in Level 3, management may use third-party pricing sources or appraisers. In substantiating the reasonableness of the pricing data provided by third parties, Management evaluates a variety of factors including review of methods and assumptions used by external sources, recently executed transactions, existing contracts, economic conditions, industry and market developments, and overall credit ratings.

Liabilities

The valuation methodology The Community Foundation uses to measure its liabilities at fair value are described below:

Funds held for others

Funds held for others include funds held by The Community Foundation on behalf of others (see Note 5). The Community Foundation determines fair value of these liabilities on the basis of the fair value of the underlying assets, which consist of investments (see valuation methodology described above). These liabilities are classified as Level 2.

	Liabilities at Fair Value as of March 31, 2019							
		Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3			
Funds held for others	\$ 2	2,927,841	\$ -	\$ 2,927,841	\$ -			
		Liabilities at Fair Value as of March 31, 2018						
		Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3			
Funds held for others	\$ 1	,625,383	\$ -	\$ 1,625,383	\$ -			

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Other financial instruments

The fair value of The Community Foundation's cash and cash equivalents, pledges and contributions receivable, accrued interest income and other receivables and accounts payable and accrued expenses approximate their carrying amounts due to the short maturity of these instruments.

The fair value of The Community Foundation's notes receivable and grants and appropriations payable is estimated using a discounted cash flow analysis based on the current U.S. Treasury rate for the applicable term.

The estimated fair value of The Community Foundation's interest in charitable remainder trust reflects the present value of future expected earnings. The Community Foundation discounted the future expected earnings using a) an estimated rate of return on the underlying investment portfolio, b) the primary beneficiary annual payout and c) a U.S. Treasury rate for the applicable term.

The following table presents the carrying values and the fair values of other significant financial assets and liabilities that qualify as financial instruments, determined in accordance with the authoritative guidance for fair value disclosures of financial instruments, at March 31:

	Level in	2019				2018			
	Fair Value	Carrying		Fair	Carrying			Fair	
	Hierarchy		Amount	Value		Amount		Value	
Notes receivable	2	\$	941,446	\$ 945,459	\$	1,370,349	\$	1,373,001	
Charitable remainder trust receivable	2	·	323,444	112,101	T	262,239	Ť	105,098	
Grants and	2		3,023,538	,		,		,	
appropriations payable	Z		3,023,336	3,024,695		7,796,963		7,789,205	

10. Commitments

Operating leases

The Greater Washington Community Foundation leases office space in Washington, D.C. under the terms of a noncancelable operating lease that commenced in July 2017 and expires in 2028. In addition, The Greater Washington Community Foundation leases office space for its affiliate funds in Montgomery County and Prince Georges County under the terms of noncancelable operating leases that expire in June 2020 and in December, 2021, respectively. These lease agreements contain escalation clauses and provisions for the payment of taxes and operating expenses.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The following is a schedule by year of the future minimum lease payments required under the operating leases as of March 31, 2019:

Years Ending March 31,	
2020	\$ 529,000
2021	518,000
2022	515,000
2023	506,000
2024	518,000
<u>Thereafter</u>	2,448,000
	\$ 5,034,000

In accordance with authoritative guidance issued by the FASB, The Community Foundation is recognizing the total cost of its office lease ratably over the lease period. The difference between rent paid and that expensed is reflected as deferred rent, which is included in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position, and is being amortized over the term of the lease.

Rent expense totaled \$425,844 and \$444,834 for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Lease of donated property

In November 1997, The Greater Washington Community Foundation received donated property located in the District of Columbia (the District) that it leased to the D.C. Metropolitan Police Department to establish a police substation, in accordance with the donor's instruction. The original lease term was ten years and The Greater Washington Community Foundation received rental payments thereon of \$1 per year. Under the terms of the donor agreement, upon termination of the lease, The Greater Washington Community Foundation had the option to sell or lease the property at its fair market value. The Greater Washington Community Foundation exercised this option upon the expiration of the original lease. The property is still being leased to the D.C. Metropolitan Police Department as a police sub-station in Ward 8 of the District. The Greater Washington Community Foundation has renewed the lease for a fourth extended term which expires on January 31, 2020. Rental income totaled \$211,114 and \$229,476 for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

11. Contingencies

The Greater Washington Community Foundation is a defendant in a lawsuit wherein substantial amounts are claimed. In the opinion of The Greater Washington Community Foundation's legal counsel, The Greater Washington Community Foundation's argument for dismissal and factual defenses are strong and the plaintiff's damages claim is grossly overstated and speculative. Management of The Greater Washington Community Foundation has concluded that the lawsuit is without substantial merit and is not expected to result in a judgment, which, in the aggregate, would have a material adverse effect on The Community Foundation's consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

12. Liquidity and Availability of Resources

The following represents the Foundation's financial assets available within one year of the consolidated statement of financial position date for general expenditures:

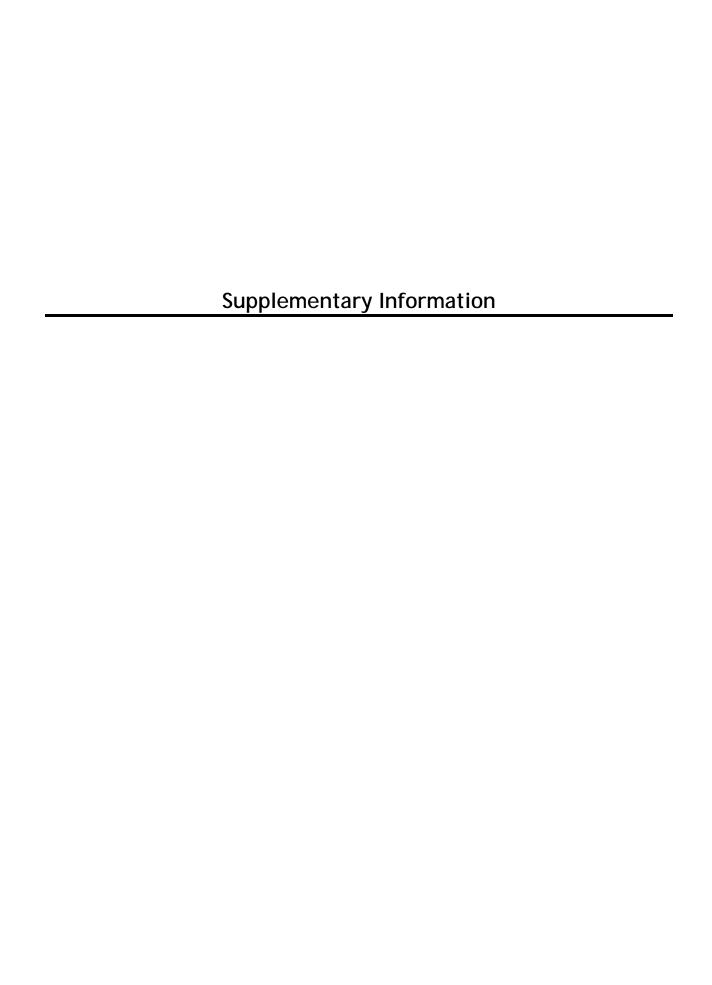
	2019
Financial assets at year-end:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 26,064,983
Investments	311,245,414
Accrued interest income and other receivables	
(contributions receivable within one year)	963,160
Total financial assets	338,273,557
Less amounts not available for general expenditures within one year:	
Net assets with donor restrictions	(4,366,764)
Investments redeemable in more than one year	(11,118,460)
Financial assets not available for general expenditures	
within one year	(15,485,224)
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for general	
expenditures within one year	\$ 322,788,333

The Community Foundation has approximately \$323 million of financial assets available within one year of the consolidated statement of financial position date to meet cash needs for expenditures. Approximately 81% of these assets are donor-advised funds (see Note 6), and while the Community Foundation has variance power as described in Note 1, these assets are subject to donor intent which the Community Foundation intends to uphold. Approximately 5% of these assets are designated funds and the use of these funds have to be consistent with the charitable purposes of the Community Foundation. Approximately 13% of these assets are in the field of interest funds, scholarship funds and other funds. For these types of funds, the original purpose of the funds will be continued, unless or until the original purpose is no longer capable of being fulfilled.

The Community Foundation analyzes its cash position regularly and believes its available resources and future earnings will provide more than adequate resources to meet their financial obligations for the year following the consolidated statement of financial position date of March 31, 2019.

13. Subsequent Events

The Community Foundation has evaluated its March 31, 2019 consolidated financial statements for subsequent events through December 13, 2019, the date the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued. The Community Foundation is not aware of any subsequent events which would require recognition or disclosure in the consolidated financial statements.





Tel: 703-893-0600 Fax: 703-893-2766 www.bdo.com

8401 Greensboro Drive Suite 800 McLean, VA 22102

Independent Auditor's Report on Supplementary Information

Board of Trustees The Greater Washington Community Foundation and Affiliate Washington, D.C.

Our audits of the consolidated financial statements of The Greater Washington Community Foundation and Affiliate included in the preceding section of this report were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on those consolidated statements as a whole. The supplementary information presented in the following section of this report is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

BDO USA, LLP

December 13, 2019

The Greater Washington Community Foundation and Affiliate Consolidating Statement of Financial Position

March 31, 2019	The Greater Washington Community Foundation		Kristin and David Steinberg Foundation		Eliminations		(Consolidated Total
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2	6,044,983	\$	20,000	\$	-	\$	26,064,983
Investments	30	5,262,610		3,054,963		-		308,317,573
Investments held for others		2,927,841		-		-		2,927,841
Notes receivable, net		941,446		-		-		941,446
Charitable remainder trust								
receivable, net		323,444		-		-		323,444
Accrued interest income and other								
receivables		1,362,587		-		(10,000)		1,352,587
Prepaid expenses and other assets		1,282,350		-		-		1,282,350
Total assets	\$ 33	8,145,261	\$	3,074,963	\$	(10,000)	\$	341,210,224
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued								
expenses	\$	2,001,285	\$	10,000	\$	(10,000)	\$	2,001,285
Grants and appropriations								
payable, net		2,983,538		40,000		-		3,023,538
Funds held in trust for others		2,927,841		-		-		2,927,841
Total liabilities		7,912,664		50,000		(10,000)		7,952,664
Commitments and contingencies								
Net assets								
Without donor restrictions	32	5,865,833		3,024,963		_		328,890,796
With donor restrictions		4,366,764		-		-		4,366,764
Total net assets	33	0,232,597		3,024,963		-		333,257,560
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 33	8,145,261	¢	3,074,963	\$	(10,000)	¢	341,210,224

The Greater Washington Community Foundation and Affiliate Consolidating Statement of Financial Position

March 31, 2018	The Greater Washington Community Foundation	Kristin and David Steinberg Foundation	Eliminations	Consolidated Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 28,829,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,829,000
Investments	309,361,914	2,171,671	-	311,533,585
Investments held for others	1,625,383	-	-	1,625,383
Notes receivable, net	1,370,349	-	-	1,370,349
Charitable remainder trusts				
receivable, net	262,239	-	-	262,239
Accrued interest income and other				
receivables	689,181	2,047	-	691,228
Prepaid expenses and other assets	1,367,821	-	-	1,367,821
Total assets	\$ 343,505,887	\$ 2,173,718	\$ -	\$ 345,679,605
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued				
expenses	\$ 2,336,963	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,336,963
Grants and appropriations				
payable, net	7,756,963	40,000	-	7,796,963
Funds held in trust for others	1,625,383	-	-	1,625,383
Total liabilities	11,719,309	40,000		11,759,309
Commitments and contingencies				
Net assets				
Without donor restrictions	327,785,519	2,133,718	-	329,919,237
With donor restrictions	4,001,059	-	-	4,001,059
Total net assets	331,786,578	2,133,718	-	333,920,296
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 343,505,887	\$ 2,173,718	\$ -	\$ 345,679,605

Consolidating Statement of Activities and Change in Net Assets

Year Ended March 31, 2019	Gre Wash Comi	The Later Lington Munity dation	Kris and D Steink Founda	avid oerg	Eliminations		Consolida Total	ted
Changes in net assets without donor restrictions								
Support and revenue								
Contributions Investment return, net Rental and other income		,209,656 ,026,316 316,943	\$	- 69,245 -	\$ (10	,000) - -	10,995	
Total support and revenue without donor restrictions	71	,552,915	9	69,245	(10	,000)	72,512	2,160
Expenses								
Program grants and appropriations	67	,917,861		78,000	(10	,000)	67,985	5,861
Supporting services Management and general Fundraising		,383,328 ,171,412		-		- -	3,383 2,171	
Total supporting services	5	,554,740		-		-	5,554	1,740
Total expenses	73	,472,601		78,000	(10	,000)	73,540	0,601
(Decrease) increase in net assets without donor restrictions	(1	,919,686)	8	91,245		-	(1,028	3,441)
Changes in net assets with donor restrictions Change in value of charitable remainder trust receivable Change in value of real estate		61,205 304,500		-		-		1,205 4,500
Increase in net assets with donor restrictions		365,705		-		-	365	5,705
Change in net assets	(1	,553,981)	8	91,245		-	(662	2,736)
Net assets at the beginning of the year	331	,786,578	2,1	33,718		-	333,920),296
Net assets at the end of the year		,232,597		24,963	\$	-	\$ 333,257	

Consolidating Statement of Activities and Change in Net Assets

	The Creater Kristin								
	Greater Washington			Kristin and David Steinberg					
		Community						onsolidated	
Year Ended March 31, 2018		Foundation		Foundation		Eliminations		Total	
Changes in net assets without donor restrictions									
Support and revenue									
Contributions	\$	77,222,023	\$	_	\$	(1,026,129)	\$	76,195,894	
Investment return, net		28,770,642		956,529		-		29,727,171	
Rental and other income		756,377		-		-		756,377	
Total support and revenue without									
donor restrictions		106,749,042		956,529		(1,026,129)		106,679,442	
Expenses									
Program grants and appropriations		88,784,162		1,204,819		(1,026,129)		88,962,852	
Supporting services									
Management and general		4,858,488		-		-		4,858,488	
Fundraising		2,735,160		-		-		2,735,160	
Total supporting services		7,593,648		-				7,593,648	
Total expenses		96,377,810		1,204,819		(1,026,129)		96,556,500	
Increase (decrease) in net assets without									
donor restrictions		10,371,232		(248,290)		-		10,122,942	
Changes in net assets with donor restrictions									
Change in value of charitable									
remainder trusts receivable		56,168		-		-		56,168	
Change in value of real estate		341,560		-		-		341,560	
Increase in net assets with donor									
restrictions		397,728		-		-		397,728	
Change in net assets		10,768,960		(248,290)		-		10,520,670	
Net assets at the beginning of the year		321,017,618		2,382,008		-		323,399,626	
Net assets at the end of the year	\$	331,786,578	\$	2,133,718	\$	-	\$	333,920,296	